

Matrix QM

and

Index theorems

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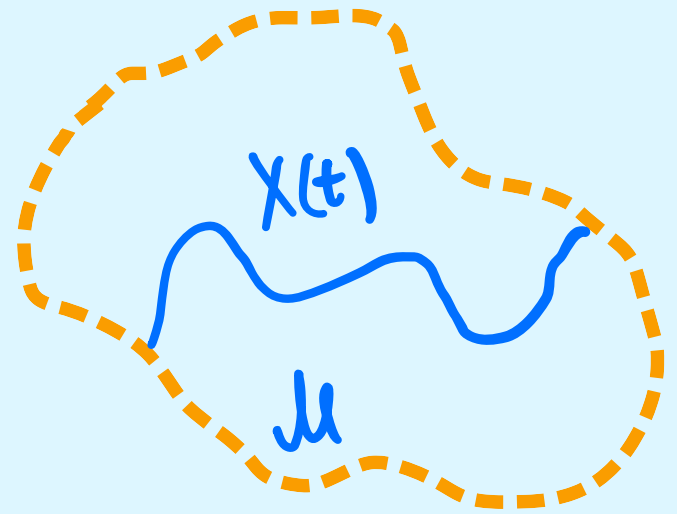
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Steklov Mathematical Institute
ITMP (Moscow State University)

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1D sigma models

$(\mathcal{M} | G, A)$
Manifold Metric Gauge field



$$L = \int dt \frac{1}{2} G_{IJ}(x) \dot{x}^I \dot{x}^J - \int dt A_I(x) \dot{x}^I + \text{SUSY}$$

Classical: (Magnetic) geodesics

Quantum: (Generalized) Laplacians Δ

Bochner, Dolbeault, de Rham

Target space

$M = \text{Homogeneous}$ $\frac{SU(n)}{H}$

symplectic
complex
Kähler

(Co)adjoint orbit

$$g \Lambda g^{-1}$$

$$\Lambda \in \mathfrak{su}_n, g \in SU(n)$$

$$\Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & & & \\ & \ddots & & \\ & & \lambda_1 & \\ & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & \lambda_2 & \\ & & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & & \lambda_2 & \\ & & & & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & & & & \lambda_m & \\ & & & & & & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \lambda_m & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & \lambda_m & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & \ddots & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \lambda_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{SU(n)}{S(U(n_1) \times \cdots \times U(n_m))}$$

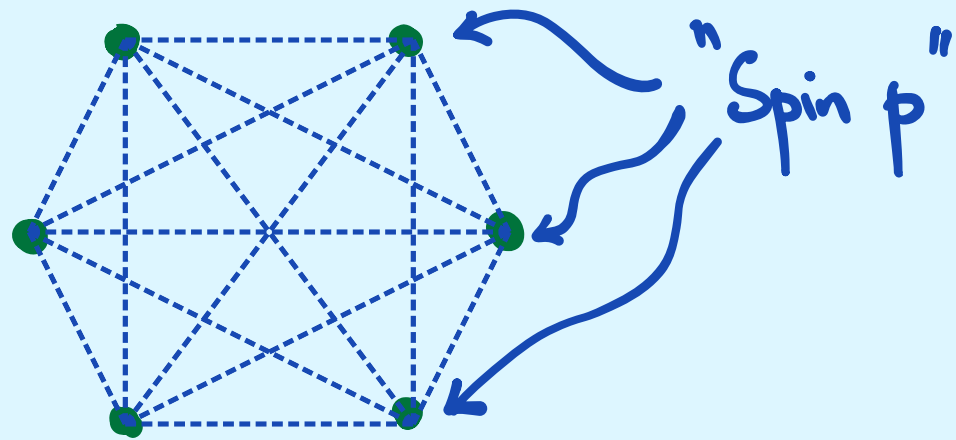
Flag manifold

SUSY Spin chain

H_p



Exact truncation of Δ



* Oscillator variables

Nicolai '1976-77

* Witten index of spin chain

Witten '1982

Alvarez-Gaume

'1983

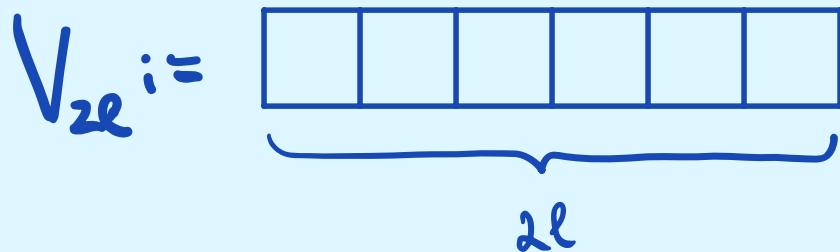
\rightsquigarrow index theorems on flags

$$\underline{\mathbb{C}P^1 \approx S^2}$$

Spectrum: $E_l = l(l+1), \quad l=0,1,2,\dots$

$$Y_l^m$$

spherical harmonics



SU_2 representation

Truncate to first ' $p+1$ ' harmonics $l=0,1,\dots,p$

$$\bigoplus_{l=0}^p V_{2l} = V_p \otimes V_p$$

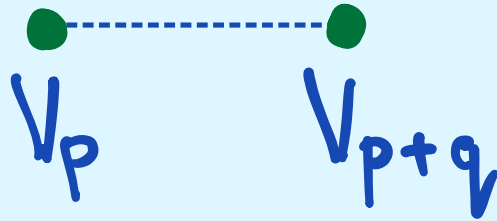
\Rightarrow 'Spin chain'



Schwinger-Wigner oscillators

$q =$ monopole charge

'Spin chain'



Tamm '1931
Wu-Yang '1976

$$\text{Hamiltonian} = \text{Casimir} = \sum_{\alpha=1}^3 S_{1\alpha} S_{2\alpha} \equiv (S_1, S_2)$$

$$S_{A\alpha} = a_{Ai}^\dagger (\xi_\alpha)_{ij} a_{Aj} \quad [a_{Ai}, a_{Bj}^\dagger] = \delta_{AB} \delta_{ij}$$

$$a_1^\dagger \circ a_1 = p, \quad a_2^\dagger \circ a_2 = p+q$$

$$H = (a_2^\dagger \circ a_1) (a_1^\dagger \circ a_2)$$

1D sigma models with $\mathcal{N}=2$ SUSY

- 2a model / de Rham

'Hull 1999

'Ivanov, Smilga 2012

$X^A =$ real superfields

$$\mathcal{L} = \int d^2\theta \left[G_{AB} D X^A \bar{D} X^B - W(X) \right]$$

$$Q \leftrightarrow e^{-W} d e^W$$

- 2b model / Dolbeault

$Z^A =$ complex chiral superfields

$$\mathcal{L} = \int d^2\theta \left[G_{AB} D Z^A \bar{D} \bar{Z}^B - W(Z, \bar{Z}) \right]$$

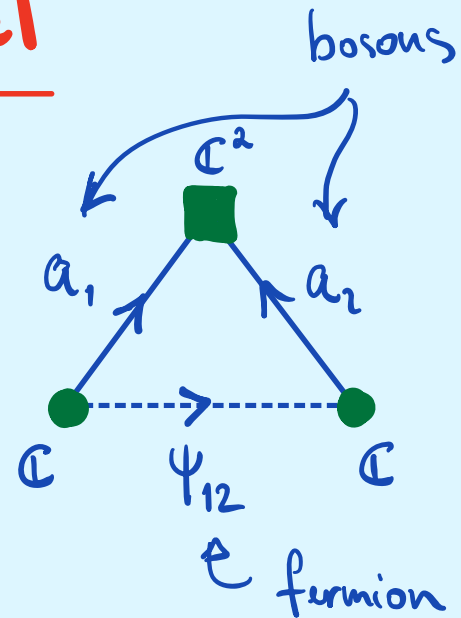
$$Q \leftrightarrow e^{-W} \partial e^W$$

SUSY extension $\mathcal{N}=2/D$ -model

$$H_{\text{susy}} = \{Q, Q^\dagger\}$$

$$Q = \alpha_{12} \Psi_{12} a_1^\dagger \circ a_2$$

\uparrow
real parameter



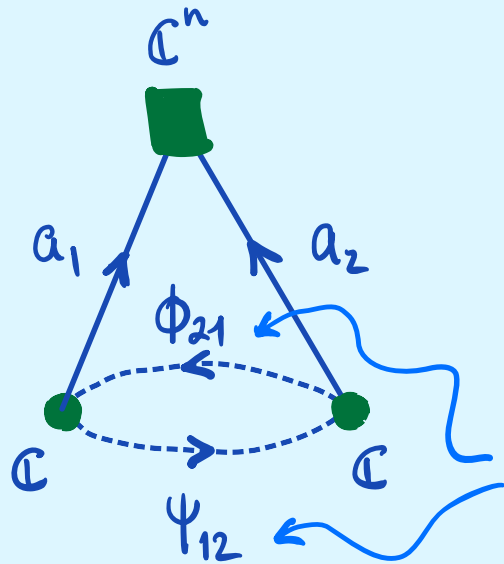
$$\text{Constraints: } C_1 = a_1^\dagger \circ a_1 + \Psi_{12}^\dagger \Psi_{12} - p = 0$$

$$C_2 = a_2^\dagger \circ a_2 - \Psi_{12}^\dagger \Psi_{12} - (p+q) = 0$$

$$[C_1, Q] = [C_2, Q] = 0$$

$H_{\text{susy}} = \text{Truncation of Dolbeault } \Delta \text{ on } \mathbb{C}P^1$

Kähler-de Rham $N=4$ / K-model



$$Q_1 = d_{12} \Psi_{12} a_1^\dagger \circ a_2$$

$$Q_2 = d_{12} \Phi_{21}^\dagger a_1^\dagger \circ a_2$$

$SU(2)$
doublet

twice as many fermions:
 Ψ_{12}, Φ_{21}

No monopoles!
↓

Constraints: $C_1 = a_1^\dagger \circ a_1 + \Psi_{12}^\dagger \Psi_{12} - \Phi_{21}^\dagger \Phi_{21} - p = 0$

$$C_2 = a_2^\dagger \circ a_2 - \Psi_{12}^\dagger \Psi_{12} + \Phi_{21}^\dagger \Phi_{21} - p = 0$$

$$\{Q_A, Q_B\} = 0, \quad \{Q_A, Q_B^\dagger\} = \delta_{AB} H$$

Truncation of de Rham Δ on CP^1

D-model in $N=2$ superspace

Superderivatives $D, \bar{D} \mapsto D^2 = \bar{D}^2 = 0$

Superfields $A_{1i} = a_{1i} + \dots, A_{2i} = a_{2i} + \dots$

$$\bar{D} \begin{pmatrix} A_1 \\ A_2 \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \Lambda_1 & \Psi_{12} \\ 0 & \Lambda_2 \end{pmatrix}}_{:= B} \begin{pmatrix} A_1 \\ A_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Coupling} \\ \text{"Superconnection"} \end{array}$$

Flatness: $\bar{D}B - B\bar{D} = 0$

Ivanov
Krivonos '1997
Toppan

$$L = \int d^2\theta \left[\bar{A}_1 \cdot A_1 + \bar{A}_2 \cdot A_2 + \bar{\Psi}_{12} \Psi_{12} \right] + \text{FI terms} \\ + \left(p \int d\theta \Lambda_1 + (p+q) \int d\theta \Lambda_2 + \text{c.c.} \right)$$

"Free" Lagrangian

K-model in $N=2$ superspace

Same fields A_{1i}, A_{2i}  Coupling

$$\bar{D} \begin{pmatrix} A_1 \\ A_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \Lambda_1 & \Psi_{12} \\ \Phi_{21} & \Lambda_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A_1 \\ A_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(Note: Green arrows in the original image point from the matrix elements to the text above: from Λ_1 to A_{1i} , from Ψ_{12} to A_{2i} , and from Φ_{21} to A_{1i} .)

Only $\Lambda_1 + \Lambda_2$ is chiral: $\bar{D}(\Lambda_1 + \Lambda_2) = 0$.

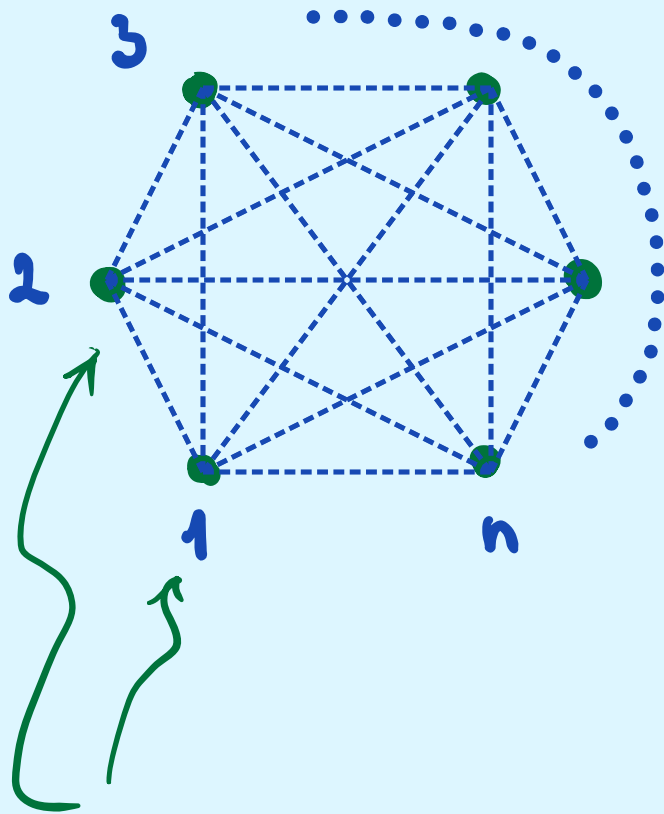
$$L = \int d^2\theta \left[\bar{A}_1 \circ A_1 + \bar{A}_2 \circ A_2 + \bar{\Psi}_{12} \Psi_{12} + \bar{\Phi}_{21} \Phi_{21} \right] +$$

$$+ p \left(\int d\theta (\Lambda_1 + \Lambda_2) + \text{c.c.} \right)$$

Single FI term 

Flags: the spin chain

DB '2024
Kuzovchikov



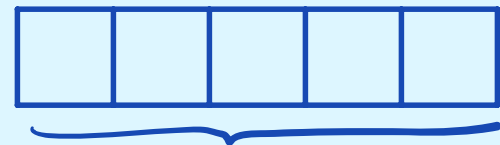
$$F_n := \frac{SU(n)}{S(U(1)^n)}$$

(n=2: $\mathbb{C}P^1$)

$$H = \sum_{A < B} d_{AB}^2 (S_A, S_B)$$

$\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ parameters

Representations V_{p_1}, V_{p_2}, \dots



Metric

$$ds^2 = \sum_{A < B} \frac{1}{d_{AB}^2} |\bar{u}_A \circ du_B|^2$$

$p_i = p + q_i$ ← magnetic charges

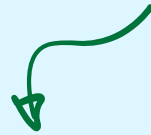
← $\bar{u}_A \circ u_B = \delta_{AB}$

Supercharges

D-model:

$$Q = \sum_{A < B} d_{AB} \Psi_{AB} a_A^\dagger a_B - \sum_{A < B < C} \frac{d_{AB} d_{BC}}{d_{AC}} \Psi_{AB} \Psi_{BC} \Psi_{AC}^\dagger$$

cubic terms needed for $Q^2 = 0$



K-model:

$$\xi_{AB} := \begin{pmatrix} \Psi_{AB} \\ \Phi_{BA}^\dagger \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{SU(2) doublets}$$

$$Q = \sum_{A < B} d_{AB} \xi_{AB} a_A^\dagger a_B + \sum_{A < B < C} \left(\frac{d_{AB} d_{AC}}{d_{BC}} \xi_{AB} (\xi_{AC}^\dagger \xi_{BC}) - \frac{d_{AC} d_{BC}}{d_{AB}} \xi_{BC} (\xi_{AC}^\dagger \xi_{AB}) \right)$$

SUSY algebra \Rightarrow Kähler constraint $\frac{1}{d_{AC}^2} = \frac{1}{d_{AB}^2} + \frac{1}{d_{BC}^2}$ 12

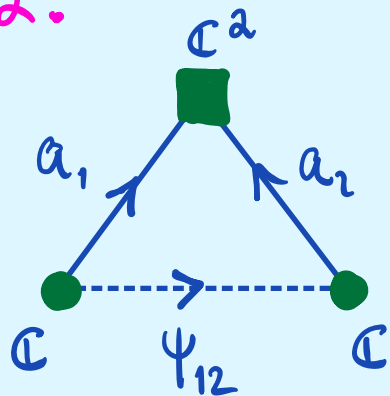
The Witten index / D-model

$$W = \text{STr} (g e^{-\beta H}), \quad g \in \text{SU}(n)$$

Independent of β : $\beta \rightarrow \infty \quad W = \text{STr}(g) |_{H=0}$

$\beta \rightarrow 0 \quad W = \text{STr}(g) |_{\text{constrained Fock space}}$

$n=2$:



$$C_1 = a_1^\dagger \circ a_1 + \Psi_{12}^\dagger \Psi_{12} - p = 0$$

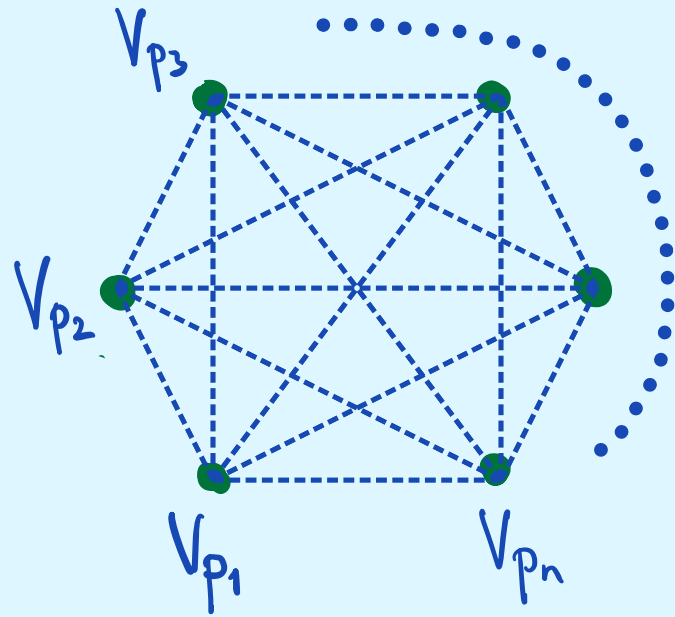
$$C_2 = a_2^\dagger \circ a_2 - \Psi_{12}^\dagger \Psi_{12} - (p+q) = 0$$

Fermion number 0: $V_p \otimes V_{p+q}$ Fermion number 1: $V_{p-1} \otimes V_{p+q+1}$

$$W = \chi_p \chi_{p+q} - \chi_{p-1} \chi_{p+q+1} = \chi_q$$

Independent of p (of the truncation) \uparrow $q+1$ zero energy states

Index: general case



$$P_A = p + q_A$$

$$W = \text{STr}(g) \Big|_{\text{constrained Fock space}} = ?$$

1) Oscillator partition function

$$\begin{aligned} Z(t|s) &= \text{STr} \left(\prod_{i=1}^n t_i \overset{J_i}{\quad} \prod_{j=1}^n s_j \overset{C_j}{\quad} \right) = \\ &= \prod_{i,j=1}^n \frac{1}{1 - t_i s_j} \times \prod_{K \in L} \left(1 - \frac{s_K}{s_e} \right) \frac{1}{s_1^{p_1} s_2^{p_2} s_3^{p_3}} \end{aligned}$$

← constraints

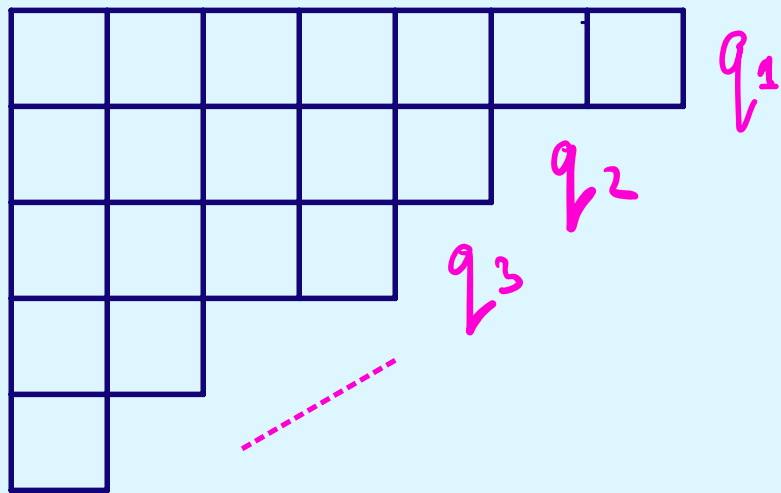
= g

u(1)^n ⊂ u(n) generators

2) Set $C_j = 0$ by residues

$$W = \oint \frac{ds_1}{2\pi i s_1} \dots \oint \frac{ds_n}{2\pi i s_n} \zeta(t|s) = \text{Weyl formula}$$

χ for q_1, \dots, q_n



Borel - Bott - Weil theorem

K-model: $W = \text{Euler characteristic} = n!$

Conclusion & Outlook

(magnetic)

* Computing spectra of $\sqrt{\Delta}$ on flags
≡ Diagonalizing spin chains
(infinite spin limit $p \rightarrow \infty$)

Yamaguchi '1979
Kuwabara '1988

* SUSY extension: nonlinear chiral multiplets

| Ivanov, Krivonos, Toppan '1997

* Index theorems via oscillator partition function

* Is this an integrable problem?

Explicit solution?

| DB, Kuzovchikov '2024

* Generalization to ∞ -dim. groups

(loop groups etc.)

* Relation to 2D sigma models

(Gross-Neveu models, ...)

| DB '2020+

THANK

YOU!